

General Description

Rivest-Shamir-Adelman (RSA) is a public-key cryptographic technology that uses the mathematics of so called “finite field exponentiation”.

The operations necessary for the RSA cannot be efficiently implemented on an embedded CPU, however, typically requiring many seconds of the CPU time for signature verification.

RSA1-E implements by far the most time-consuming operation of the RSA cryptography: so called “exponentiation” to enable low-power operation of the battery-powered devices.

The design is fully synchronous and available in multiple configurations varying in bus widths, set of finite fields supported and throughput.

Key Features

Small size: RSA1-E starts from less than 10K ASIC gates (intermediate result storage memory required; size depends on the core configuration)

Implements the computationally demanding parts of RSA public key cryptography for long life battery powered applications

Support for RSA binary fields of configurable bit sizes up to 2048

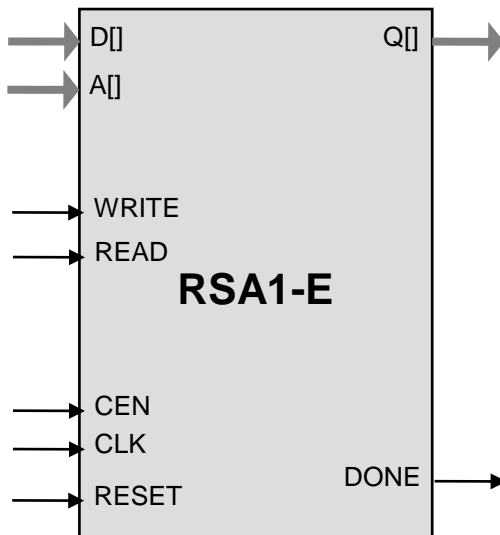
Microprocessor-friendly interface

Test bench provided

Applications

- Secure communications systems
- RFID
- Implantable medical devices
- Digital Rights Management (DRM) for battery powered electronics
- Digital Signature using Reversible Public Key (rDSA) standard ANSI X9.31
- Digital Signature Standard (DSS) FIPS-186
- PKCS RSA cryptography per RFC 2347

Symbol



Pin Description

Name	Type	Description
CLK	Input	Core clock signal
CEN	Input	Synchronous enable signal. When LOW the core ignores all its inputs and all its outputs must be ignored.
RESET	Input	HIGH level asynchronously resets the core
READ	Input	Read signal for the interface
WRITE	Input	Write signal for the interface
DONE	Output	HIGH level indicates a completion of computation
D[]	Input	Input Data
A[]	Input	Address
Q[]	Output	Output Data

Function Description

The core implements the exponentiation operation of the RSA cryptography $Q = P^k$. The operands for the exponentiation: k and P as well as the modulus are programmed through the microprocessor interface and the calculation is started. Once the operation is complete, the result Q can be read through the interface.

Export Permits

The core is subject to the US export regulations. See the IP Cores, Inc. licensing basics page, http://ipcores.com/export_licensing.htm, for links to US government sites and licensing details.

Deliverables

HDL Source Licenses

- Synthesizable Verilog RTL source code
- Software modules for a complete RSA implementation (optional)
- Verilog testbench (self-checking)
- Software modules test harness
- Vectors for testbench and harness
- Expected results
- User Documentation

Netlist Licenses

- Post-synthesis EDIF
- Testbench (self-checking)
- Vectors for testbench
- Expected results

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